

FEBRUARY

The Jacksonville Daily News

Vol. 18—No. 6.

JACKSONVILLE, ALA., TUESDAY FEB. 14, 1854.

Whole No. 897

EDITED, PRINTED, AND PUBLISHED BY
J. F. GRANT.
At \$2 a year in advance, or \$3 at the
end of the year.
A failure to give notice of a wish to
discontinue, will be considered an en-
gagement for the next year.
No paper discontinued until all ar-
rearages are paid.
Advertisements
One dollar per square of 12 lines or
less for the first insertion, and fifty cents
per square for each continuation.
Personal advertisements double the
foregoing rates.
Announcements of Candidates, &c.,
Circulars of Candidates, 50 cents per
square.

**Through fare from Charleston
to Baltimore, \$25.00, to Phil-
adelphia, \$27.50, and to New
York, \$30.00.**
**The great Mail Route from
Charleston, S. C.**

LEAVING the Wharf at the foot of
Laurens st. daily, after the arrival of
the Southern Cars, via Wilmington, N.
C., from which point two daily trains are
despatched at 8 A. M. and 2 P. M.; the
S. O. clock only connecting at Weldon
N. C., with the Seaboard and Roanoke
Rail Road to Norfolk, hence by steamers
to Baltimore, and both trains connect-
ing at Weldon with the line to Peters-
burg, Richmond, Washington, Bal-
timore, Philadelphia and New York.
The public is respectfully informed
that the steamers of these lines are in
first condition, and are navigated by
well known and experienced cap-
tains, and the accommodations are in the
best of the Wilmington and Weldon, as well
as the Seaboard and Roanoke, having
been recently re-fitted with heavy rail
thereby securing both safety and des-
patch. By these routes passengers avail
themselves of the first train may reach
Baltimore in 46 hours, Philadelphia in
45 hours, and New York in 50 hours;
and by the second train they arrive in
Baltimore in 50 hours, Philadelphia in
50 hours, and New York in 54 hours.
Through tickets can alone be had
from
E. WINSLOW,
Agent of the Wilmington and Rail-
road Company, at the office of the
Company, foot of Laurens st., Charleston,
S. C., to whom please apply.
March 30, 1852.

United States Mail Line.
Through in 50 to 55 hours.
NEW YORK AND CHARLESTON.
STEAM PACKETS.
Leave Adler's Wharves every
Saturday afternoon and each
alternate Wednesday or Saturday.
JAMES ADLER, J. J. DICKSON,
21599 Tons. Commanded
MAHON. M. BERRY,
1200 Tons. Commanded
The Southern
W. ROSTER, W.
leave each alter-
nate Wednesday, having been new-
ly coppered and guards raised; is
now in complete order.

For freight or passage, having
elegant State Room accommoda-
tions, apply at the office of the
Agent.
HENRY MISSROON,
Cor. E. Bay de Alder's Sea, Wharves.
Cabin Passage, \$25.00
Storage, \$5.00
N. B. A new ship will be placed
on the line to connect with the
Southern on Wednesdays.
Feb. 22, 1852.

**GREAT DEPOT OF
BOOKS & STATIONERY.**
CARVER & MYLAND, No. 34
DAUPHIN STREET.

Keep constantly on hand a
large supply of Books in the various
departments of the Sciences, Arts, Liter-
ature, &c., and are constantly receiving
all the New Books of value and im-
portance, as they are issued from the
various Publishing Houses of the country.
They also keep a large and complete
stock of Stationery, and Fancy Stationery,
embracing English, French and Amer-
ican Cap, Letter and Note Paper, En-
velopes, Quill Pens, Gold Pens, Water-
Colors, Drawing Paper, &c., &c.
Blank Books of all styles and sizes.
We have in operation a large Blank
Book Manufactory, and are prepared to
execute all kinds of Blank Book work,
embracing Ledgers, Journals, Records,
Cash, and other Books.
Pamphlets, Music, &c., bound at the
shortest notice; Old Books re-bound,
&c. We keep constantly on hand a
large supply of Printing Paper, Printing
Cloth, &c., &c.
Dealers from the interior would
do well to call and examine our exten-
sive Stock, as in point of variety, mod-
erate prices, &c., we cannot be excelled.
Remember to call at their Splen-
did Establishment, at No. 34, Dauphin
Street.
December 7, 1852.

Slough, Elston & Co.
Commission Merchants,
MOBILE,
7, 1852—Jy. Alabama.
Sugar & Coffee.
For Sale by
HUDSON'S & TO KES.

made his will a few hours before his
death; and, therefore, the possession of
his property formed the subject of a ve-
mentous law-suit.

When I went out of that dark, dis-
mal catacomb of dead men's wills, I
went on thinking of all the similar cases
of premeditation which I knew or had
heard of—and they were not a few—for
this is a piece of the experience of one
who was a law clerk before he quarreled
with red tape—where a curious catalogue
they were. There was an old lady, a
toothless old dowager, who had a rep-
utable and discarded son, and a pretty
gentle niece, who lived with her. We
used to manage all her affairs, and she
was pretty well known in the office that
niece girl with the long curls was to be
the old lady's heir. Our head clerk, a
red-whiskered dandy, who had no mean
opinion of himself, built a castle, and
certain speculations on that basis. The
old lady never came without Eliza, and
when a visit was expected, Mr. Cat-
pole brushed his fiery hair into the most
killing curls, and changed the out-at-the-
elbows coat for the smart one he wore
out of doors, and beautified himself as
far as that was practicable. "Will," a
message came one day that the old lady
was ill—very ill—with an urgent request
that some one should go at once and
make her will. Off went our Adams, as
fast as a promise of something liberal
over the fire could urge the cabman.

When he arrived, the old lady was
alive—just alive enough to tell him that
all her property was to be left to Eliza.
She told him that in the hissing whisper
which supplied the place of the cracked
voice; but when she came to the world
"will," so full was the poor old creature
of love for the niece, or perhaps, of de-
termination—let us hope not late against
her son—that she half rose up in the
bed and dangled her withered hand and
struck out that word again. "It must
have been a terrible sight—that of life
struggling with death for a will! It was
a short matter to write that all down,
said Catpole's pen flew over the paper,
and the eyes that were glazing so
fast, actually held—the pen she had
held for a moment, ready to sign the
paper. In a few moments all was
ready; but what a difference that few
minutes made! The clerk had risen
from his seat and approached the couch,
when the surgeon, who stood on the
other side, said, with that coolness which
medical practice brings, "It is too late,"
—and it was too late. The dead
fingers clenched the unused pen so tightly
that they had to be cut from it.
The son was heir to all, and Eliza was
left a beggar! Death had translated that
scream out "all" into none. The second
soon told. The property was wanted
by the repulsive son, and his long sin-
istered face, and his long, and Eliza
stood, of possession some thousands a
year, and being told by Mr. Catpole,
a faded daily governess.

Every lawyer's office has plenty of
such stories as this. One I remember of
a miser who had ruined more than one
family, and in his last moments wished
to make such reputation as he could
gold could compass. Poor wretch,
when the will was brought, catpole
had seized him, and he lay there a
living corpse—dead in all but mind. He
could not move his hand, his tongue re-
fused to obey, only his eyes were free
to move and of those eyes I have been
told a terrible tale.

He was, as misers often are, a man of
strong mind and iron nerve. Passive as
he was in every other part, the eyes told
all that was passing within. They could
have seen in them intelligence when the
will was read to him; the powerful re-
sult brought to bear, and persevered in
when the written word which was to
make it a testament was required; the
terror and horror which came over him
when he found the right hand, which so
often had aided him for evil, would not
help him for good; the despair which
burst the unseen bonds around him, and
with a convulsive motion, let out the
last of life. It must have been a spec-
tacle of horror, when punishment came
in the shape of a prohibition of the one
act of mercy, which might have made
some amends for a whole life time of
wrong.

Then there was another legend of a
man whose daughter married against his
will. He lived somewhere in a retired
country house, far off from any town.
This man was subject to a disease of the
heart, and one night, feeling the sym-
ptoms of an approaching attack, and
strange premonition which so often
comes before death, he roused his house-
hold and sent off a messenger on horseback,
not for a surgeon, but for a lawyer. He
wanted his will made instantly. The
messenger could not be expected back
for at least two hours, and long before
that the spasmodic attack had come on,
but still in the intervals of his paroxysms,
that determined man wrote as though
against time. When the lawyer did ar-
rive, all that was left of the living will
which had been so active and energetic
a few hours before was that last piece of
writing. It expressed the deceased's in-
tention, in the strongest terms, utterly
to disinherit his rebellious child, and to
give his property to some charitable in-
stitution. It was complete, even to the
signature; only the flourish usually ad-
ded to the name was wanting, as though
there he had failed. But that writing
was not a will; it was not in proper form,
nor attested. It was but an invalid
piece of paper, and the daughter took
that which her birthright entitled her to.

Will generally afford a frightful tem-
poration to the worse part of our nature.
I really believe that more cunning, more
falsehood, more worldly anxiety, and
more moral wrong are blended with the
subject of wills, than with the whole
mass of law parchments extant. A will
should not only be properly made, but
properly placed, and more than one
should be cognizant of its whereabouts.
I have known many cases of gross tur-
pitude in the shape of destroying wills,
and can record one rather curious anec-
dote, affording a vivid illustration of un-
principled greed, defeating itself.

Two gentlemen in the city, close friends
from their school days, were in the de-
cline of life. Mr. Edmonds had a large
family, with comparatively small means,
while Mr. Raymond was worth two hun-
dred thousand pounds, with no living
relative but a nephew of the most profi-
gite and hopeless character. This neph-
ew had been expensively educated, and
had spent unlimited money for the worst
purposes, and the uncle at length became
weary and disgusted with the young
man's depravity. "Edmonds," said Ray-
mond, one day, to his friend, as he hand-
ed him a roll of paper, "here is my will.
I have left my nephew ten thousand
pounds, and the rest of my property to
you, who I know will make good use of
it."

Edmonds remonstrated and implored,
but was eventually compelled to take
the will and lock it up in his private
drawer. Within a few months, however,
by dint of constant entreaty, Mr. Ed-
monds prevailed upon his friend to make
another will, and just reverse the be-
quests, leaving the nephew the bulk of
the property, and Edmonds the ten thou-
sand pounds. This will Edmonds read
and saw safely deposited in Raymond's
iron chest at his private residence.
Within the following year Raymond
died. The nephew found the will, and
as it afterwards appeared, such was his
baseness that, to secure, in addition to
the rest, the ten thousand pounds left to
Edmonds, he immediately burnt the
document, knowing that if his uncle
died intestate he himself was heir at law.
On this villainous announcement, Ed-
monds, striking his conscientious scrup-
les, produced the first will made by
Raymond, and claimed the chief of the
property; and the unprincipled nephew,
after making full confession, during a fit
of delirium tremens, killed himself.

THE DUEL IN THE BUSH.

In the story of "Emily Osfo d. or Life
in Australia," we find the following in-
cident of George Flower, a famous un-
dressed police man, who was sent out to
hunt a notorious bushranger named Mil-
ligham.

He met Milligham as a fellow-stran-
ger, and who supposed Flower to be a
thief. After some conversation, Flower
said: "Now suppose a mounted police-
man or thief-taker—a fellow of real
pluck—was to come upon you when you
were alone, and was to challenge you
to surrender, what would you do?"
Would you draw your trigger at once,
and not give him a chance?

"No," cried Milligham, "I'd tell him
to stand off and have a fight for it."
"Milligham," said Flower, still keeping
his eagle eye fixed on him, "are you
speaking the truth?"
"Yes, so help me Heaven!"

"Now let us suppose," continued Flower,
"that such a man as that fellow Geo-
ge Flower—the fellow that was drowned
the other day—was to be in the same
position with you as I am now?"
"I'd tell him," said Milligham, "that
one of us must die, and challenge him
to fight fair."

"How fight fair?"
"Why, I'd ask him to measure off fifty
yards to walk backwards, and twenty
yards to walk forwards, and let me do
it. And do you think he would do it?"
"Yes, I do, for he was a man. I have
often wished to meet that fellow in the
bush, for what I most want in this life
is excitement, and to be killed by the
hand of a man like Flower, or to escape
by killing him in a fair fight—
either way would be something to suit
me."

"Milligham," said Flower slowly, "I
believe every word you uttered. Now
listen to what I am going to tell you—
I am George Flower!"

Milligham started. He gazed on Flower,
whose eyes were now riveted on that
of his adversary. Milligham's carbine
dropped from his hand, but he did not
change color or betray any alarm.

"Pick up your piece," said Flower,
pointing to the carbine and assuming a
proud and careless attitude. "I am all
that you have said of me, Milligham. I
might have shot you like a dog before
I spoke to you just now; but I could not
do that for you are a man as well as my-
self, and you are as brave and as gen-
eral. Pick up your piece and walk back-
ward five-and-twenty paces; but let us
shake hands first." Milligham took
Flower's hand and sighed heavily as he
shook it. "Do not surrender," suggest-
ed Flower, half fearing that Milligham
would do so and break the very con-
dition bound him to the man.

there was powder in the pan, and with-
wards me. Still I moved not, but as he
turned his back to put the lantern on the
floor, I fired and

"You killed him, did you?" shrieked
the Spaniard, almost jumping from his
seat.
"Silence! till I have finished it!" said
the stranger, and again he touched the
flint, and fired the second shot, and
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over as much as
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he should die the-
The stranger—
Spaniard by the
his shirt collar, he
wound on his neck
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Cumberland, upon his own
having murdered no less than five trav-
ellers in that very room.

"Flower! for Flower you must be,"
said Milligham, "grant me, if you shoot
me, one desire that has haunted me. I
do not dread death, but I have a horror
of burial. If I fall, suffer me to lie on
the very spot. Let the eagle come and
feast upon my carcass, pluck these eyes
from their sockets, and the skin from
this brow; let me lie here in this lonely
region, and let my bones bleach in the
sun, and the rain fall, and the moon and
stars shine upon them."

"My God!" exclaimed Flower, seizing
Milligham by the arm, "the same dread
of being buried has ever haunted me—
If I fall by your hand, let me rest here,
with my head pillowed on this gun—
Let me man living be shown the spot
where I fell."

"Take your ground," said Milligham,
"I am ready."
"There is my hand," said Flower, "and
should we meet in another world, we
shall not be ashamed of one another, my
boy."
Tears were standing in the eyes of both
Flower and Milligham when they parted.
Each stepped backward pace for pace.
Milligham followed by his little terrier
Nettles. When they were about fifty
yards apart, they halted and looked at
each other for several minutes. Both
simultaneously levelled their carbines,
but each was imposed to be the first
fire. At last Milligham discharged his
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his bullet whizzed past, Flower's head,
and carried away part of the left whis-
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flat on his face. The ball had entered
his left breast. Flower ran to the spot
to catch any last word Milligham might
desire to breathe. But Milligham was
dead.

THE TRAVELER'S STORY.

A party of travelers were seated a-
round a blazing fire, in a tavern upon the
Albany mountains. The coach had
broken down, and perforce were de-
tained until next morning. We had
found a substantial Virginia supper, and
each one, with his feet on the fender,
and a cigar in his mouth, ruminating
upon the storm without, and the warm
comfort within. Each one in his
turn told a story or related an anecdote,
and at last the joke came round to a
fellow-checked individual, who, until
then had remained silent.

"Gentlemen," said he, fixing a pierc-
ing eye upon one of the party—Span-
iard—who, unheeded, had drawn his
chair up to the fire, "some ten years ago
I came near being murdered in this very
house."

At this moment the Spaniard got up
and was going out of the room when the
narrator arose, and looking the only door
in the room, took the Spaniard by the
arm, leading him up to an old picture
surmounted by the English coat of arms,
in gulf work, run his fingers along the
molding.

"Don't soil that mule's nose,"
said, displaying at the same a butt end
of a large pistol—"Even to him who will
think."

The Spaniard smiled, and said he did
not mind well, but the stranger swore that
he would leave the room until he
had finished his story. Reassured
not to be amazed at his conduct, he pro-
ceeded.

"Some years ago (said he) I was
traveling over these mountains on horse-
back, and I stopped at this very house.
The landlord was extremely obsequious
in attending to my comfort, and, after
supper he requested me to join him in a
bottle of wine. Nothing loth, I consented,
and before midnight, four empty
bottles stood on the table, and I was
acquainted with all my business."

"I very imprudently remarked, in the
course of conversation, that I had a very
large sum of money in my valise, and he
politely informed me that he would take
care of it until morning. Although
somewhat intoxicated I did not approve
of leaving it in his charge, and I took
my valise in my hand and retired to bed.
After I had undressed, I placed my pis-
tol under my pillow, and carefully I
thought, examined the room, I then laid
myself down, and sunk into a fitful
sleep."

"Suppose it must have been two hours
after when I awoke, and collecting my
scattered senses, I endeavored to think
what I had been about.
"Suddenly I detected a noise under
my bed. What was my horror when I
observed a small piece of carpet, stretch-
ed along my bed-side, move as though
something was under it. A cold perspi-
ration started from every pore; but, thank
God, I had presence of mind enough
to prepare for the worst. Grasping
a pistol in my right hand, and hid-
ing it under my bed clothes, I leaped to
be asleep."

"In an instant afterwards I saw a trap-
door, which had been concealed by a
carpet, cautiously lifted up, and I be-
held my landlord with a dark lantern in
his hand, directing his glittering eyes to

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"My God!" exclaimed Flower, seizing
Milligham by the arm, "the same dread
of being buried has ever haunted me—
If I fall by your hand, let me rest here,
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"Take your ground," said Milligham,
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his bullet whizzed past, Flower's head,
and carried away part of the left whis-
ker. Flower fired—and Milligham fell
flat on his face. The ball had entered
his left breast. Flower ran to the spot
to catch any last word Milligham might
desire to breathe. But Milligham was
dead.

THE TRAVELER'S STORY.

A party of travelers were seated a-
round a blazing fire, in a tavern upon the
Albany mountains. The coach had
broken down, and perforce were de-
tained until next morning. We had
found a substantial Virginia supper, and
each one, with his feet on the fender,
and a cigar in his mouth, ruminating
upon the storm without, and the warm
comfort within. Each one in his
turn told a story or related an anecdote,
and at last the joke came round to a
fellow-checked individual, who, until
then had remained silent.

"Gentlemen," said he, fixing a pierc-
ing eye upon one of the party—Span-
iard—who, unheeded, had drawn his
chair up to the fire, "some ten years ago
I came near being murdered in this very
house."

At this moment the Spaniard got up
and was going out of the room when the
narrator arose, and looking the only door
in the room, took the Spaniard by the
arm, leading him up to an old picture
surmounted by the English coat of arms,
in gulf work, run his fingers along the
molding.

"Don't soil that mule's nose,"
said, displaying at the same a butt end
of a large pistol—"Even to him who will
think."

The Spaniard smiled, and said he did
not mind well, but the stranger swore that
he would leave the room until he
had finished his story. Reassured
not to be amazed at his conduct, he pro-
ceeded.

"Some years ago (said he) I was
traveling over these mountains on horse-
back, and I stopped at this very house.
The landlord was extremely obsequious
in attending to my comfort, and, after
supper he requested me to join him in a
bottle of wine. Nothing loth, I consented,
and before midnight, four empty
bottles stood on the table, and I was
acquainted with all my business."

"I very imprudently remarked, in the
course of conversation, that I had a very
large sum of money in my valise, and he
politely informed me that he would take
care of it until morning. Although
somewhat intoxicated I did not approve
of leaving it in his charge, and I took
my valise in my hand and retired to bed.
After I had undressed, I placed my pis-
tol under my pillow, and carefully I
thought, examined the room, I then laid
myself down, and sunk into a fitful
sleep."

"Suppose it must have been two hours
after when I awoke, and collecting my
scattered senses, I endeavored to think
what I had been about.
"Suddenly I detected a noise under
my bed. What was my horror when I
observed a small piece of carpet, stretch-
ed along my bed-side, move as though
something was under it. A cold perspi-
ration started from every pore; but, thank
God, I had presence of mind enough
to prepare for the worst. Grasping
a pistol in my right hand, and hid-
ing it under my bed clothes, I leaped to
be asleep."

"In an instant afterwards I saw a trap-
door, which had been concealed by a
carpet, cautiously lifted up, and I be-
held my landlord with a dark lantern in
his hand, directing his glittering eyes to

ACCIDENTS ON THE GEORGIA CENTRAL RAIL ROAD.
 Savannah, February 8.
 Four cars loaded with Cotton were consumed by fire to-day at the 100-mile station of the Georgia Central Rail Road.
 A man was also killed to-day by the cars at the 10-mile station of the same road.
 We have received the February num-

er of that worthy and truly valuable
Southern Magazine, the "Southern Ec-
cletic," published at August, Geo. by
E. Whitaker, at \$3 per annum in
advance. The following is the contents
for February:

Electro-Biology and Mesmerism.
Legislative Interference with the educa-
tion of the People.
Memoranda by a Marine Officer: Or a
succession of Glasses from Life's Phau-
smagoria.

rench Claim:—to the Discovery of the
electric Telegraph.
merican Authorship, No. VII.—HEN-
WADSWORTH LONGFELLOW.
usuary Laws:—AN argument Against
them.
POETRY.
In Memoriam. Angel's Footsteps.
They'll Wake No More.
The Death Angel's Visits.
Sorrow on the Sea.
MISCELLANEOUS REVIEWS.
The Memoirs, Journal and Correspondence

dependence of Thomas Moore.
Lives of the Queens of Scotland.
Douglas Jerrold and his Works.

VARIETIES

A Grand game of Chess; Miss Mitford; Electric Astronomy; A Valuable Book; New Arctic Expedition; Case of death caused by Fear; New Chinese Linnaec.

Alabama Legislature.

FOURTH BIENNIAL SESSION.

From the Alabama Journal.
SENATE.
Feb. 4, 1854.
Senate met pursuant to adjournment.
Reports from standing Committees.
Mr. Wyatt, from the Judiciary Committee, reported favorably on the bill to authorize the sale of personal property for distribution. Bill ordered to be engrossed.
Mr. Ashley, from the committee on

propositions and Grievances, reported unfavorably on the memorial of citizens of Randolph county, asking aid, for the erection of a court house in said county. report concurred in.

Special Orders.

The bill to establish and maintain a system of free public schools in the State of Alabama. The consideration of this bill was postponed until 2½ o'clock this evening.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.
Feb. 4, 1854.
The House met pursuant to adjournment.
Minutes read and approved.
Mr Curry introduced a bill to aid the Alabama and Tennessee River Railroad, read twice.
Mr Curry moved to postpone the further consideration of said bill until Monday next at half past 10 o'clock, and made the special order that day.
Mr Judge moved its reference to the committee on Internal Improvements.

Mr. Scott: A bill to amend Section 1779 of the Code of Alabama. Rule 100 passed and the bill passed.

Mr. Hubbard called up the motion to reconsider the vote by which the House on an early part of the session refused to order the bill to repeal the Code to a second reading. The vote was reconsidered, and the bill made the special order.

Mr. Sterrett: A bill in regard to appeals from Registers in Chancery. The bill to increase the salaries of the Chancellors and Circuit Court Judges of this State \$2,000, was taken up, and the question being upon its passage, the yeas and nays were demanded, and the bill passed. Yeas 45; nays 40.

SENATE.

Feb. 6, 1854.

The Senate met pursuant to adjournment.

Reports from Select Committees.

Mr Webb reported favorably on the bill to provide for a permanent investment of the funds belonging to the different townships in the State. The consideration of the report was postponed until Wednesday next, at 12 o'clock and made the special order.

Mr Webb (the speaker) said:

on wants, (by leave,) from the committee on Internal Improvement and Inland Navigation, reported a substitute for the bill to aid the Alabama and Tennessee River Railroad Company. The consideration of the subject was postponed till Wednesday next at 12 o'clock, and made the special order for that day.

—

EVENING SESSION.

SENATE.

The Senate met pursuant to adjournment.

Bills and Resolutions.
Mr Frazier: A bill to aid the Charles
and Memphis Rail Road.
Mr Watts: A bill to modify section
95, of the Code.
Mr Hendrix: A bill to tax slave prop-
erty according to value. Refused to be
considered to a second reading.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.
Feb. 6, 1854.
The House met pursuant to adjournment.

A black and white photograph showing a dramatic coastal scene. In the foreground, dark, jagged rocks are partially submerged in the water. The ocean is turbulent, with white foam from breaking waves visible. In the background, a steep, rocky cliff rises from the water's edge. The sky is overcast and grey. The overall mood is somber and powerful.

RULE
Principles
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have never
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to Professor HOWLAND.

Slit—I avail myself of the first opportunity of informing you, Sir, that I have long been suffering from the dangerous and distressing swellings in the head, attended with petechial disorders, stomach, and general debility. Every means has failed to procure permanent relief, and at length it being ascertained that I was really afraid of death without an attendant. In this melancholy situation I waited personally upon our Chemist, Mr. Pilla, for the purpose of requesting him to treat me with his celebrated Pills. He procured them

I am, Sir, your obedient Servant
 (Signed) JOHN
 June 6th, 1832.
 MIRACULOUS CURE OF DR.
Extract of a Letter from Edward
W. Esq., of India Walk,

dated April 8th, 1851

To Professor HOLLIVAT.

DEAR SIR—I deem it a duty to
the public at large to inform you of a
sions recovery from that dreadful dis-
and which, under God, was affec-
invaluable Pills. I was taper, five or
eight months, and skillfully treated by
cal practitioners, but could find no
real recourse to your remedy and ne-
ing all my belongings, and finally
cured me in the course of six weeks.

Signed, EDWARD R.

INFAILLIBLE CURE OF A
 COMPLAINT, WITH INDIGNE
 AND VIOLENT HEAD-ACHES.
Extract of a Letter from Mr.
Chemist, of Clifton, near
dated July 14th, 1855.
 To Professor HOLLOWAY,
 DEAR SIR— I am requested by a
 THOMAS, who arrived from the
 of the above-named road of eight
 self and family suffered from continual
 suffering from disorders of the Liver &c

pleasani
 Indig-
 tation, loss of Appetite, violent
 pains in the side, weakness and gen-
 eral debility, for which she consulted the most em-
 inent physicians, but without any benefit, until she
 last, she had recourse to your invaluable medicine,
 which in a very short time effected a complete
 change for the better, that she continues to enjoy
 the whole family were restored to health, and
 she has since enjoyed the extraordinary privilege of
 having witnessed the extraordinary cures of
 complaints the denial to children, pa-
 cates of Measles and Scarlatina, the
 positive cures of these diseases w

These celebrated Pills are
efficacious in the following
Agu, Dropsy, Inflammation, Sore
Throat, Dysentery, Jaundice, St. An
toma Complaints, Erysipelas, Liver
Secondary Symptoms, Bleaches
Female Irregularities, The Obstruc
tion, Tumours, Bowel Complaints,
kind, Piles, Ulcers, Colics, Rheum
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Retention of Urine, Worms of all

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Thousands of parents who use Vegetable Castor Oil, Calomel, are aware that, while they appear to be patient, they are actually laying the basis for a series of diseases, such as asthma, weakness of limbs, etc.

In another column will be found a list of the diseases which are the result of the use of Hooper's Calomel. We ask the attention of all doctors to their own as well as their Children's Liver Complaints and all diseases of the Liver.

from those of a bilious type, should
take the only genuine medicine, Hogen-
sack's Liver Pills.

"Be not deceived," but ask for
Worm Syrup and Liver pills, and
on each the signature of the Pro-
prietor, NOBENSACK, as none else are

DOCTOR YOURSELF
THE POCKET ESCULAPION
OR, EVERY ONE HIS OWN PH
LIVER TONIC AND CURE


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
etoxia nights, nervous feelings
chain of dyspeptic sensations, and no
dyspepsia, be another moment with
the Asclepius. Have the marriage
bent to be married, any impediment
to the marriage, as it has been the man
thousands of unfortunate creatures
how a death.

Any person sending TWENTY
enclosed in a letter, will receive one
work by mail, or five copies will be
sent. Address, (post paid) Dr. V.
No. 132, Spruce st. P.

W. & J. NELSON
DEALERS IN
GROCERIES, PROVISIONS,
FOREIGN & DOMESTIC
Liquors, Wines, Cigars,
OF SUPERIOR QUALITY
Broad Street, Augusta
All orders will be promptly

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under 40
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L. Wood
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KENS



N. B.—They are the sole
the South for Fairbanks'
form and Counter Sales.
May 10, 1853—1y.

Americana *By*
 Woodward, authorised
 s.
 HUP & STO
BUTTS.
 LATEST ST. For sale by
 Satin BonnoSON & STO

THE PRICE OF LIBERTY IS ETERNAL VIGILANCE

Whole No. 1888

"I beg your pardon, Sir, for not stopping you, but my mother has herself need advice at the time."

"Assure you, my dear son, I had rather that he should be more worthy to give you more sincere wishes for your welfare."

"I am certain of it, Sir, my dear mother had always great confidence in you. She had me brought to you at times, about the first of my life, to tell you what you might do to further my education, and I have been dependent on you ever since."

POETRY

[illegible][illegible]

can have been made by either
 them and have to another unit
 other. A number of other
 same. The number of
 only a small number of
 members of the unit
 army. Some of the
 wish to be in the

"So I have heard often. But I fear not."

"Ellen, Ellen!" a voice called in the entry. I rose and passed out. Mrs. De-

Mr. Stay a moment, Miss Debray, is gentleman, your cousin, has selected this day to make certainly ill-timed proposals for your hand. I would have preferred to leave such matters until my father's grave were somewhat grown but after our retiring footsteps. But leaves no alternative, having inform-

"Yes, Madam, you speak harshly ; I did not ther."

"You said as much, Sir. Let us not dispute about shades of meaning. Your answer, my child."

"Stephen has my answer already, Mother. Has he not?"

"I thank you. Then he needs not to
 "The young man's brow was growing
 "Have you reflected sufficiently, my
 "I have considered it monthly for

"But think, I am rich, and you choose poverty, want, misery, in place of this old me."

"My daughter is not poor. She is rich, not this way, Sir!" said Mrs. Debray, pointing to her.

"I believe it is Madam," said I for the first time speaking. "I certainly drew need of valuable property for her husband."

"Ah, indeed? I remember a deed of that kind some four years since. But I think I heard that it was destroyed by delivery, or there was an error in it, something of the sort. My solicitor argued it is. The lawyers differ."

That is not to the point, point at all, I think.

He took her carriage and horses. II

daughter?"

Madam, I beseech you—"

Allen was waiting out, when he held
hand somewhat rude, on her shoul-
as he spoke to her in that. Miss
gray shrunk from his touch with a
sigh. "Ha! you shrink pretty child.
I guess, I will make you one day
a woman, and a proud one."

k in my face, and
 now by the arm
 d out with pain
 caught him by

And he seized
 roughly, that she
 I sprang forward,
 the throat. He

1

and from a cost of something like \$50,000, an amount which is fully covered by insurance in Liverpool and London, up to the extent of \$25,000. The superiority of her accommodations, numbers, to secure passengers on board her, and the result that she had nearly 500 passengers on board, the majority of whom were a superior class of emigrants, is a fact which is well known to all who have seen her. The following passengers were on board:—
Passengers—488
Crew—16
Saved—230
Left to be accounted for—344
A second edition of the Liverpool Mercury of yesterday states that it has been ascertained that the total number of persons on board the Tayleur was 50. Of these 236 have been saved, leaving 28 unaccounted for.

STILL LATER.
ARRIVAL OF THE OXANA.
New York, Feb. 2.
EUROPEAN INTELLIGENCE.
An unfavorable reply having been given to the dispatches from London and Paris, the departure of the British and French Ambassadors from London is hourly expected.
It is reported that orders had been sent to St. Petersburg for the British and French Ambassadors to withdraw from that city.
France is to send 8,000 and England 10,000 troops to Turkey, England to pay half of all the expenses.
It is reported in Russia that Austria will co-operate with France and England.
It is now clearly ascertained that the battle was fought at Kalaat, on the 25th or 26th, in which the Turks were defeated. The Russians had 30,000 men engaged.

A WINDFALL TO SOMEBODY.
An occurrence has recently transpired, which has given rise to a good deal of conversation in Baltimore, and a right sort of comfortable feeling in the bosom of our Government officers. Some years ago, an striking a balance of funds on hand, deposited specie for safe keeping with the Planters Bank, by the then Navy Agent here, Mr. E. O. FERRIS, there was found to be a deficit of about \$3,000. Mr. HENRY LAKE, one of the best clerks of the Navy Agent and had performed the kind of Cashier in that office. Neither he nor his principal, Mr. Perrin, could give an account of how this deficit came about. They both knew that money had been received and the both were over and stood to it, it had not been paid out. A great deal of discussion, a great deal of investigation, a great deal of accounts, private, public, and all sorts of accounts, out of the matter was made.

claimant for it, either among general depositors, and that the box had been resident in the hands for the full period during which the Navy Agent and his Clerk had been so infernally bothered in mind about that deficit. Mr. Perrin tucked it under his arm as the rightful claimant, and marched off to the law office of Mr. James Wickersham, where having summoned that gentleman and another limb of the law, Wm. A. Blythe, to wit, as witnesses, that bargain thereon was committed by incontinent breaking it open.
Sure enough, there were the memoranda in Mr. P's handwriting, which settled all possibility of doubt in the matter, and better than all, the yellow slimmers to the tune of near about the sum total of the deficit. To use a very original expression, Mr. P's "feelings may be better imagined than described." To find himself the unexpected possessor of what nearly any of us would regard just now as a very snug little windfall. The deficit having been made good at the time, of course the money is his private property.
We do not learn that any blame can be attached to any one, for the singular oversight by which a Government officer was made to appear a defaulter, and through which he was put to his trumps to make good his bond—unless, indeed, the fault was in Mr. P not holding his box. We are inclined to fix the blame there; if so, one of us, unexpectedly, stumbles upon near \$3,000 in gold that he can call his own, ought to be in a better state of mind to bear censure than any one else.—*Memphis Eagle & Eng.*

TRIBUTE OF RESPECT.
Withdrew from No. 14, Knights of Jerusalem.
February 11, 1854.
F. W. C. A. Walker, having announced the death of bro. Riley, the following preamble and resolutions were thereupon offered by brother Wm. H. Fowden, and unanimously adopted. Whereas, this Lodge has just heard, with the deepest sorrow, of the demise of our late lamented brother, Findley M. Riley, who has been from the institution of the Lodge, a most honorable member of our order, and a faithful officer; and whereas the fearful dispensation of Divine Providence, through which he has been removed from our midst, is rendered doubly afflictive, by reason of the sudden and painful accident, from the effects of which he died; and whereas it becomes us, as a fraternity, and as in and of itself, to do all in our power to sustain the memory of a brother so well known to all who knew him. His remains were followed to their last resting place by a large procession of Masons, Odd Fellows, and Knights of Jericho, there to behold, for the last time, the remains of a worthy brother.
"A wife and four small children are left behind, to mourn his irreparable loss. We deeply sympathize with them in their sad bereavement."

NOTICE OF WITHDRAWAL.
OF certain lands in the State of Alabama, situated along the route of the proposed railroad to connect the Chattahoochee (Tennessee) with the Central railroad of Mississippi, at the Mobile and Ohio road, and the branch from a point near Elyton to Beard's Bluff, at the southern end of Tennessee river. In pursuance of the order of the President of the United States, bearing date the 31st ultimo, all the public lands within the following named townships, situated along the route of the proposed railroad and its branch above described, in the State of Alabama, in the districts of lands subject to sale at the several offices herein mentioned, will be withheld from sale or entry, except for valid pre-emption claims, until the first day of July next, to wit:—
In the district of lands subject to sale at DEMOPOLIS:
North of the base line, and west of the principal meridian, southern survey. Townships sixteen, seventeen, eighteen, nineteen, twenty, twenty-one, and twenty-two, of range one.
Townships seventeen, eighteen, nineteen, twenty, twenty-one, and twenty-two, of range two.
Townships sixteen, seventeen, eighteen, nineteen, and twenty, of range four.
North of the base line, and east of the principal meridian, southern survey. Townships nineteen, twenty, twenty-one, and twenty-two, of ranges one and two.
Townships twenty, twenty-one, and twenty-two, of range three.
Townships sixteen, seventeen, eighteen, nineteen, and twenty, of range four.
In the districts of lands subject to sale at CHALAHMEE:
North of the base line, and east of the principal meridian, southern survey. Township twenty-two, of range five.
In the district of lands subject to sale at TUSCALOOSA:
North of the base line, and west of the principal meridian, southern survey. Township twenty-one, of range one.
Townships twenty-one, and twenty-two, of ranges two, three, and four.
North of the base line, and east of the principal meridian, southern survey. Township twenty-three, of ranges one and two.
Townships twenty three and twenty-four of ranges three, four, five, and six.
South of the base line, and west of the principal meridian, northern survey. Townships fifteen, sixteen, and seventeen, of range one.
Townships fifteen, sixteen, seventeen, eighteen, and nineteen, of range two.
Townships sixteen, seventeen, eighteen, nineteen, twenty, and twenty-one, of range four.
Townships seventeen, eighteen, nineteen, twenty, twenty-one, and twenty-two, of range five.
Townships nineteen, twenty, twenty-one, and twenty-two, of ranges six, seven, eight, nine, ten, and eleven.
South of the base line, and east of the principal meridian, northern survey. Townships fifteen, sixteen, and seventeen, of range one.
Townships fifteen and sixteen, of ranges two, three, and four.
Township fifteen, of range five.
In the district of lands subject to sale at HUNTSVILLE:
South of the base line, and west of the principal meridian, northern survey. Townships eight, nine, ten, eleven, twelve, thirteen, and fourteen, of range one.
Townships twelve, thirteen, and fourteen, of range two.
South of the base line, and east of the principal meridian, northern survey. Townships eight, nine, ten, eleven, twelve, thirteen, and fourteen, of range one.
Townships seven, eight, and nine, of range three.
Townships six, seven, eight, nine, fifteen, and sixteen, of range four.
Townships nine, ten, eleven, twelve, thirteen, fourteen, and fifteen, of range five.
In the district of lands subject to sale at LEBANON:
South of the base line, and east of the principal meridian, northern survey. Townships seven, eight, and nine, of range three.
Townships six, seven, eight, nine, fifteen, and sixteen, of range four.
Townships nine, ten, eleven, twelve, thirteen, fourteen, and fifteen, of range five.
Townships eight, nine, ten, eleven, twelve, thirteen, and fourteen, of range six.
Townships seven, eight, nine, ten, eleven, twelve, and thirteen, of range seven.
Townships six, seven, eight, nine, ten, eleven, twelve, and thirteen, of range eight.
Townships five, six, seven, eight, nine, ten, eleven, and twelve, of range nine.
Townships four, five, six, seven, eight, nine, ten, and eleven, of range ten.
Townships five, six, seven, eight, nine, ten, and eleven, of range eleven.
Given under my hand, at the General and Office, at the city of Washington, 24th day of January, 1854.
In order of the President:
J. N. WILSON, Commissioner.

UNITED STATES MAIL LINE.
Through in 30 to 35 hours!
NEW YORK and CHARLESTON STEAM-PACKETS.
Leave Adger's Wharves every Saturday afternoon and each alternate Wednesday or Saturday. JAMES ADGER, J. Dickson, Commander. 1500 Tons. MARION, M. Berry, Commander. 1200 Tons. The Southern, W. Foster, will leave each alternate Wednesday, having been newly coppered and guards raised, is now in complete order.
For freight or passage, having elegant State Room accommodations, apply at the office of the Agent.
HENRY MISSROON, Cor. E. Bay & Adger's Wharves. Cabin Passage, \$25 00. Steerage, \$8 00. N. B. A new ship will be placed on the line to connect with the Southern on Wednesdays. Feb. 22, 1853.

Cabbage Seed.
OF the growth of 1853, warranted fresh and sound, deposited at this Office for sale. Feb. 14, 1854.

Jacksonville Female Academy.
THE exercises of this Institution will be resumed on Monday February 27th, 1854, under the superintendence of Miss NORMAN. Terms of tuition as heretofore. C. J. CLARK, Sec'y. February 14, 1854.—4c.

COTTON GINS.
THE undersigned would respectfully announce to the Cotton Planters of Talladega, and the surrounding country, that they have recently purchased in co-partnership with Mr. SAMUEL HENNER, the Water Power and Mills, formerly owned by Mr. Bagley, twelve miles North East of Talladega, on Choccolocco Creek, where they have Water Power equal to any in the South, on which they have erected a large and capacious Building, and procured all the machinery that can be profitably used in manufacturing Cotton Gins in the most complete and expeditious manner.— They pledge themselves to use the best material that can be purchased, and WARRANT their work in every respect. We will keep Gins on hand at all times and fill orders promptly.
All repairing done in good style and at moderate prices. One of our Firm resides two miles North of Talladega, where he will attend on all public occasions to transact any business in their line.
We solicit patronage.
Address J. L. & W. C. ORR, Talladega, Ala. February 7th, 1854. tf.

RAGS, RAGS.
Factory Thread
WILL be given in exchange and at liberal price allowed, for Clean Linen and Cotton Rags, by the undersigned at his Factory on Choccolocco in Benton County.
W. M. MALLORY.
Feb. 7, 1854.

SUPERIOR DAGUERREOTYPES.
S. T. BLESSING, would respectfully announce to the citizens of Jacksonville and vicinity, that he has opened a daguerrean room at Weir's Hotel, for one week only. All those in want of fine pictures, and at prices to suit the times, can get them by calling immediately. He deems it useless to say more as his work will recommend itself, but he warrants every picture as good as can be made in this State or no charge will be made. Hours of operating from 8-12 until 4 o'clock. Call and examine.
Jacksonville, Feb. 7, 1854.

Land For Sale.
The subscriber will sell to the highest bidder at his own house on Wednesday the first day of February next, One Hundred and Forty acres of land, adjoining C. Morgan and J. M. Roberts, on a credit until next Christmas. Note, bearing interest from date with approved security. There is a dwelling house on the place, seventy acres cleared, all under good fence, some as good land as the valley affords, good room to make twenty bales of cotton and corn for support. Immediate Possession will be given.
JAMES L. WRIGHT, Choccolocco Valley, Feb. 7, 54.

United States Mail Line.
Through in 30 to 35 hours!
NEW YORK and CHARLESTON STEAM-PACKETS.
Leave Adger's Wharves every Saturday afternoon and each alternate Wednesday or Saturday. JAMES ADGER, J. Dickson, Commander. 1500 Tons. MARION, M. Berry, Commander. 1200 Tons. The Southern, W. Foster, will leave each alternate Wednesday, having been newly coppered and guards raised, is now in complete order.
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THE exercises of this Institution will be resumed on Monday February 27th, 1854, under the superintendence of Miss NORMAN. Terms of tuition as heretofore. C. J. CLARK, Sec'y. February 14, 1854.—4c.

COTTON GINS.
THE undersigned would respectfully announce to the Cotton Planters of Talladega, and the surrounding country, that they have recently purchased in co-partnership with Mr. SAMUEL HENNER, the Water Power and Mills, formerly owned by Mr. Bagley, twelve miles North East of Talladega, on Choccolocco Creek, where they have Water Power equal to any in the South, on which they have erected a large and capacious Building, and procured all the machinery that can be profitably used in manufacturing Cotton Gins in the most complete and expeditious manner.— They pledge themselves to use the best material that can be purchased, and WARRANT their work in every respect. We will keep Gins on hand at all times and fill orders promptly.
All repairing done in good style and at moderate prices. One of our Firm resides two miles North of Talladega, where he will attend on all public occasions to transact any business in their line.
We solicit patronage.
Address J. L. & W. C. ORR, Talladega, Ala. February 7th, 1854. tf.

RAGS, RAGS.
Factory Thread
WILL be given in exchange and at liberal price allowed, for Clean Linen and Cotton Rags, by the undersigned at his Factory on Choccolocco in Benton County.
W. M. MALLORY.
Feb. 7, 1854.

SUPERIOR DAGUERREOTYPES.
S. T. BLESSING, would respectfully announce to the citizens of Jacksonville and vicinity, that he has opened a daguerrean room at Weir's Hotel, for one week only. All those in want of fine pictures, and at prices to suit the times, can get them by calling immediately. He deems it useless to say more as his work will recommend itself, but he warrants every picture as good as can be made in this State or no charge will be made. Hours of operating from 8-12 until 4 o'clock. Call and examine.
Jacksonville, Feb. 7, 1854.

Land For Sale.
The subscriber will sell to the highest bidder at his own house on Wednesday the first day of February next, One Hundred and Forty acres of land, adjoining C. Morgan and J. M. Roberts, on a credit until next Christmas. Note, bearing interest from date with approved security. There is a dwelling house on the place, seventy acres cleared, all under good fence, some as good land as the valley affords, good room to make twenty bales of cotton and corn for support. Immediate Possession will be given.
JAMES L. WRIGHT, Choccolocco Valley, Feb. 7, 54.

Benton County Tax Sales.
On Monday the 1st day of May next, I will sell to the highest bidder for cash before the County Judge, in the Town of Jacksonville, the following described Lands, or so much thereof, as will discharge the Tax and Cost due thereon:—
The south-half of N. E. q. Sec. 28, T. 14, R. 8, 80 acres, as the property of J. T. Bradford—State and County Tax for 1853, \$1.90.
Also, at the same time and place, one Lot in Jacksonville, known as Lot No. 46, supposed to belong to the heirs of — Speaker—State and County Tax for 1853, \$2.74.
At the same time and place, lands in Sec. 10, 11, & 12, T. 15, R. 5, supposed to belong to Mr. Turner, about 1200 acres—State & County Tax for 1853, 75 cents.
At the same time and place, D. Sec. 20, T. 15, R. 5, 30 acres, supposed to belong to Solomon Chapman, of Miss—State and County Tax for 1853, 75 cents.
At the same time and place, one 3-acre lot of Land near Glendon, on the Coosa river, as the property of J. T. Jarnum—State and County Tax for 1853 and 1854, \$1.33.
At the same time and place, south half of Sec. 24, T. 14, R. 7, 320 acres, owned unknown—State and County Tax from 1848 to 1853, inclusive, \$73.30.
W. R. HUBBARD, Tax Collector, Benton Co. Jan. 31, 1854.—3m.

SELLING OUT AT NEW YORK COST.
FOR CASH ONLY
BY JOEL ADLER & CO. Jacksonville, Jan. 24, 1854.

Eye Sight Restored.
BY the use of "BALL'S EYE CURE," the sight may be preserved through life, or it may be restored after glasses have been worn many years. This wonderful effect is produced in a month or more, according to the age of the person, without pain by this Philosophically constructed Instrument, by which the cornea of the Eye is gradually raised to its original convexity, rendering the use of spectacles unnecessary. Sent free of postage by mail on the receipt of \$5 00.
S. SWAN, Sole Agent for Ala. Montgomery, Jan. 24, 1854.—1y.

STATE OF ALABAMA.
Benton County.
Court of Probate for Benton Co. Ala., Special Term, January 14, 1854.
THIS day came John Richer, Administrator of the Estate of James Mason, dec'd, & filed his accounts and vouchers for a final settlement of said estate. It is therefore ordered by the Court, that Monday the 27th day of February next, be set apart for the examining, stating and reporting said account, allowing said vouchers and making said settlement, and that notice thereof be given by publication in the Jacksonville Republican, a newspaper printed and published in the Town of Jacksonville, for three successive weeks, prior to said day, as a notice to all persons concerned, to be and appear at a special term of said court to be held at the Court House of said county, on said 27th day of February next, and contest said settlement if they think proper.
Witness, A. Woods, Judge of Probate, Jan. 17—61

ONCE MORE.
The business of Stipes & White, must be closed soon. Therefore, those indebted to that firm, are notified the last time, to make prompt payment.
The undersigned also desires to close his individual books, either by cash or note. All concerned will please call.
WM. WHITE.
Jan. 10th, 1854.

To the Friends of Education.
The Academy at Chalahmnee, Randolph Co. Ala. will be opened on Monday the 14th of January, 1854, for the reception of male and female Students, under the superintendence of the Rev. Mr. REGAN. His wife who is well qualified, will take charge of the Primary Department.
Terms moderate. Board can be had in good families on very reasonable terms.
Mr. Regan is too well known as an experienced Teacher, who will spare no pains or industry for the advancement, comfort and moral training of all entrusted to his care, to need any recommendation. The healthy location, and the inducements above, combined with the excellent society of Chalahmnee, offer a rare chance to parents at a distance for educating their children.
Dec. 20, 1853.

EVERY BODY LOOK HERE.
Now all whom it may concern, that I, John A. Smith, did not leave Centre, Ala. with the expectation of getting rid of paying my debts there; and if my creditors there will exercise a little patience, I will ease their fears by paying all demands both principal and interest.
JOHN A. SMITH, Madison, Ga. Feb. 3, 1854.—3t.

Hats, Caps, Boots & Shoes.
Of the latest style and superior quality, For sale by HUDSON & STOKES.
A good assortment of iron kept constantly on hand and for sale by HUDSON & STOKES.

Administrator's Notice.
LETTERS of administration having been granted to the undersigned, on the 14th day of Decr., 1853, by the Court of Probate of Benton County, Ala., upon the Estate of Alban M. Hines, deceased, all persons having claims against said estate will present them to me within the time required by law, or they will be barred; and all persons indebted to said estate will make payment immediately.
DANIEL HINES, Adm. of A. M. Hines, dec'd. Dec. 26, 1853.—6t.

Centenary Institute, Ala.
This Institution of Learning has been in successful operation for ten years, is situated eight miles north of Selma, and is the child and property of the Alabama Conference. There are two departments, male and female. In the male department, young men are prepared for the junior class in any college, or if they choose, complete their education here. The female department is regularly organized as a college. The course of study is extensive, and the instruction thorough. The teaching is done mainly by men of age and experience (not by girls). The President (Rev. A. H. Mitchell) is a minister of the gospel of twenty odd years, standing, and during most of that time has been connected with literary institutions of the church in Georgia, South Carolina and Alabama. He is assisted by seven others, most of whom are persons of age and experience, and all with an exception, professors of religion. A majority of the board of Trustees are members of the Alabama Conference, which fact is a sufficient guarantee of its successful management.
Board and tuition are as low as can be afforded, and lower than most institutions of similar grade. The next term opens the first Monday in October, and closes the first Wednesday in July. For further particulars, apply to the President, at Summerfield, Ala. dec'd-if B. T. HARRISON, Secy.

Martin & Forney, ATTORNEYS AT LAW.
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.
WILL practice in all the courts in the counties of Benton, Cherokee, DeKalb, St. Clair, Randolph and Talladega, and in the Supreme Court of the State.
Office formerly occupied by Walker & Martin.
JAS. B. MARTIN, January 1, 1852.
WM. H. FORNEY, do.

CASH.
THE undersigned would be pleased to have all his due accounts liquidated. Cash would be preferred. But if that article is not in hand, please call and close by note, and oblige.
E. L. WOODWARD.
Dec. 27, 1853.—3t.

Good Land for Sale.
The undersigned offers to sell the Land and Farm on which he now lives, containing four hundred acres, with at least eighty acres of good fresh land, in a good state of cultivation, with a comfortable dwelling, and other convenient houses, situated four miles above Greensport, on the Coosa River in Benton County.
He has also some other fine settlements, some on the river, others near, and some near the Rail Road. Some of the Land has very good improvements on them, generally well watered. Settlements of almost any size and quality to suit purchasers.
If you wish to know the price, call and see the Tax Assessor's Book, and you can have them at what they are there given in, with 8 per cent. taken off.
T. R. MANGHAM.
Nov. 22, 1853.

Cloths, Cassimeres, Sattinets, Tweeds, Jeans, &c.
of superior quality, for gentlemen's winter wear, For sale by HUDSON & STOKES.
JOHN I. THOMASON. THOMAS HAYDEN. THOMASON & HAYDEN, Attorneys at Law, AND Solicitors in Chancery, ASHVILLE, ALA.

Woodland Female Seminary, CEDAR TOWNSHIP, GA.
The Spring Session of this Institution will commence on the Second Monday in January. All the branches of a collegiate course, are taught, by a board of efficient teachers. Expenses for board and tuition at the rates of \$125 per annum.
For a Catalogue of particulars apply to J. M. WOOD, Principal.

IRON WORKS.
THE SUBSCRIBERS will exchange Iron & Castings for good Mergable Flour, delivered at their establishment, at Polkville, Benton county, Ala.
GOODE & MOORE.

